

KIT Neutronic Computational Tools for SMR-Core Analysis

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Content

- Background

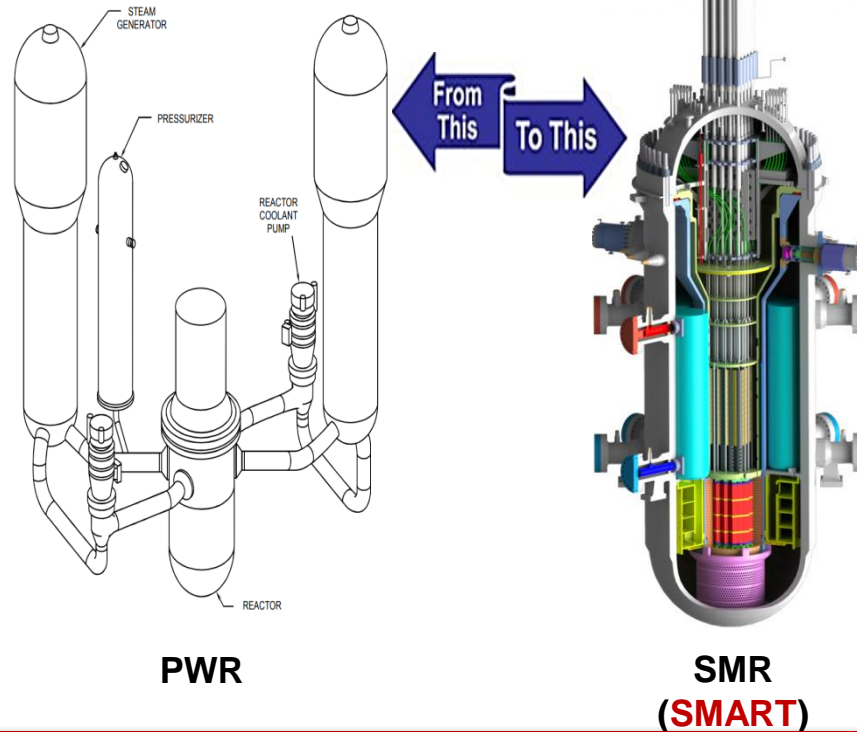
- Challenges
 - Neutronics
 - Thermal hydraulics

- KIT approach

- Outlook

Background [1]

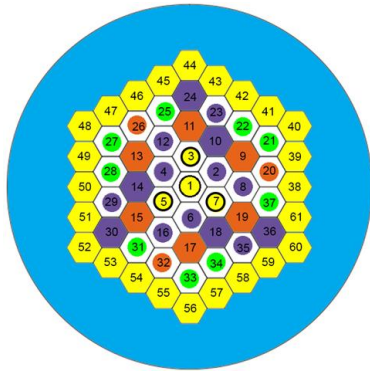
- Increase interest on SMR
 - Water cooled
 - Gas-cooled
 - Liquid-metal cooled
 - Etc.
- Multiple-use
 - Electricity, heat
 - Water desalination
 - Hydrogen production
- Attractiveness:
 - Module factory fabrication
 - Pursuing economies of series production and
 - Short construction times



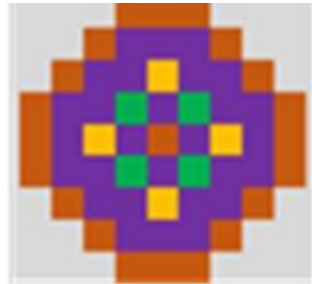
SMR will be build only if economically competitive and safe

Water Cooled SMR-Cores: Different designs [1,2]

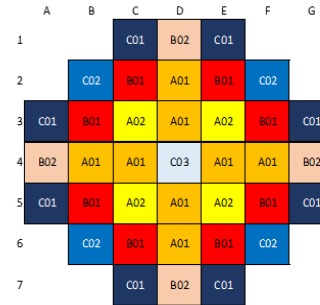
CAREM-Like core



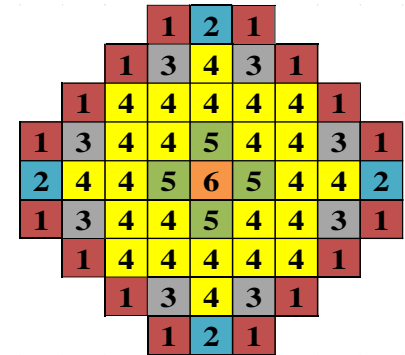
FSMR Core



NuScale

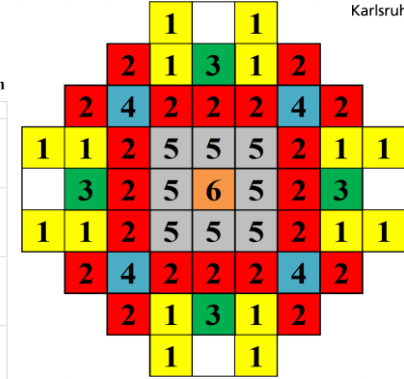
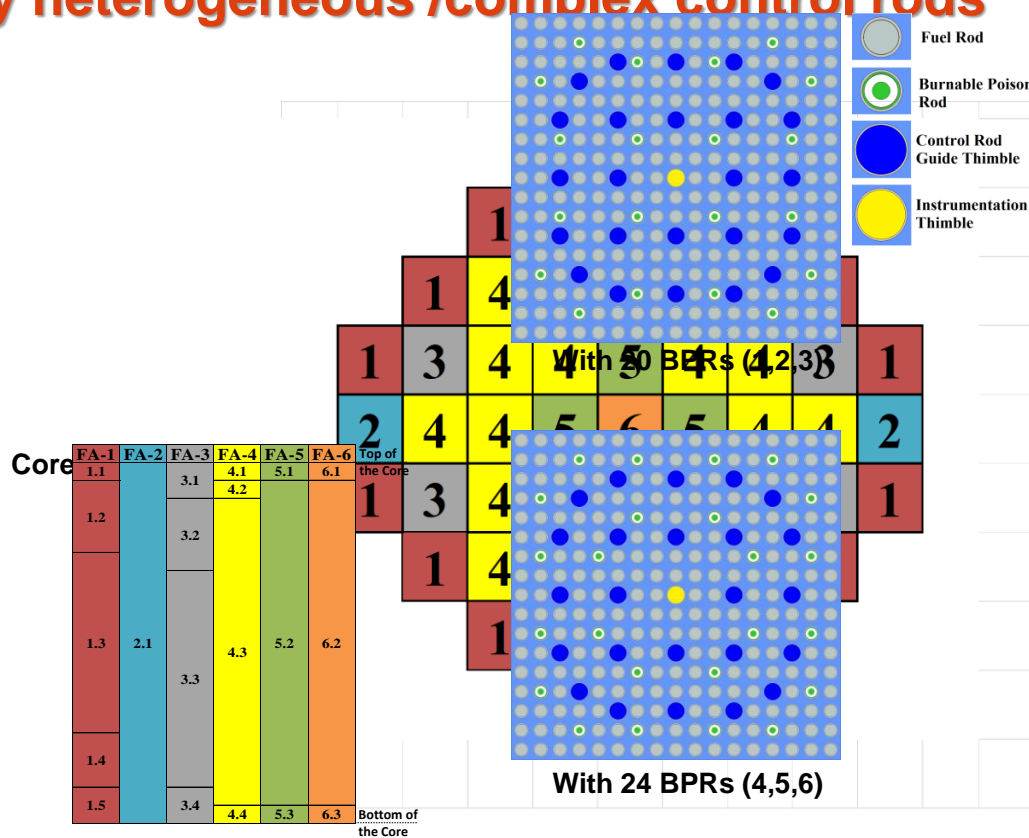


KIT KSMR-Core

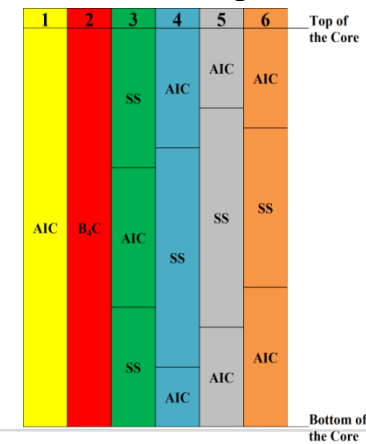


KSMR Design: Example [3,4,5]

Highly heterogeneous /complex control rods



Control Rods Configuration



Ref. [3,4,5]

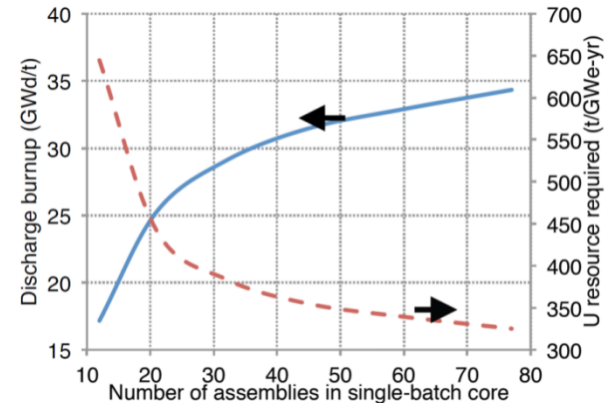
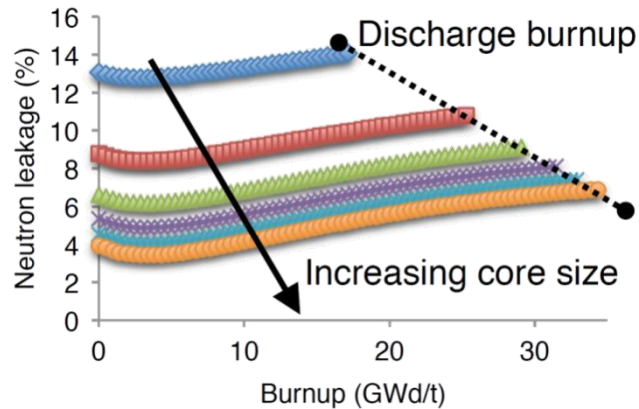
Challenges

Neutronics: Core Design Challenges [30]

- Typical SMR core size is 37 – 89 FAs
 - NuScale: 37 FAs, SMART: 57 FAs,
 - CAREM-25: 61 FAs
 - mPower: 69 FAs
- Core height is almost half of large LWR

- Increased neutron leakage
- Less degree of freedom

Lower fuel utilization



Safety-related Thermal Hydraulics [1] :

- Experimental data exist but proprietary (SMR developers)
- Public SMR-specific data for research community needed e.g.
 - Cross flow in the core
 - Helical HX
 - Transition from
 - Forced to natural convection
 - Natural to forced convection
 - Safety parameters like
 - CHF
 - 3D flow inside the RPV
 - Effectiveness of PRHRS
 - Stability of natural convection flow
- Data need for code validation



McSAFER Solution Approach:

- COSMOS-H experimental program:
 - Fundamental HT, boiling, CHF
- HWAT experimental program`:
 - System behavior under natural circulation
 - Transition to forced convection
 - Transition to natural convection
- MOTEL experimental program:
 - Helical HX heat transfer, pressure drop
 - Cross flow in the core

KIT Approach for SMR Core Analysis: Multiphysics

KIT Approach: Multiphysics

- Industry-like approach: Nodal diffusion / 1D system TH
 - PARCS / TRACE or PARCS/ RELAP5 [6]

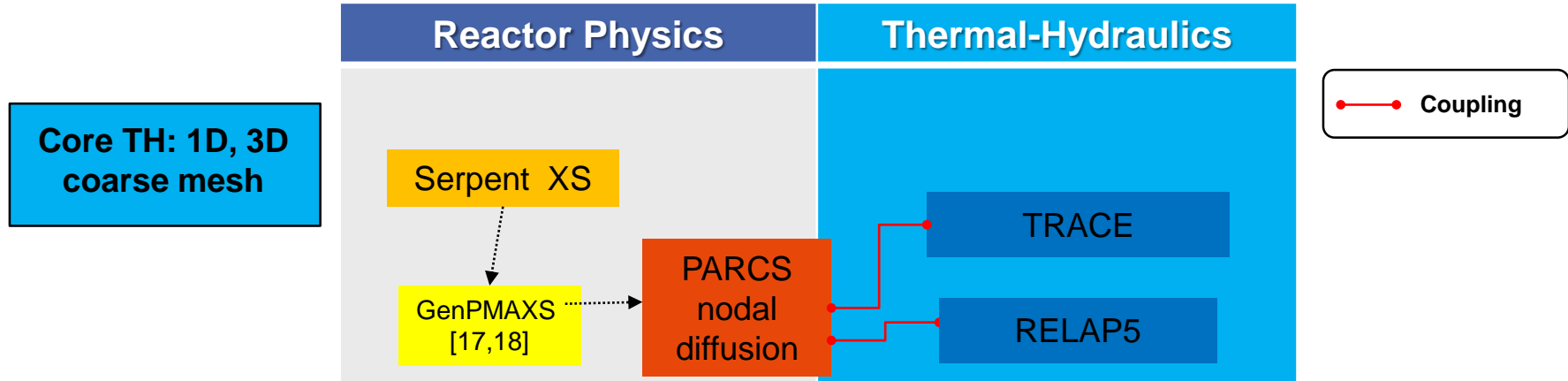
- Improved core thermal hydraulics:
 - Subchannel codes: Subchanflow (in-house) [7,8]
 - Porous-media 3D TH: Twoporflow (in-house) [9]

- Improved neutronics:
 - Simplified transport solvers at pin level:
 - PARCS-SP3

 - Monte Carlo codes:
 - Static simulations: Serpent2 [10]/Subchanflow/ICoCo [11]
 - Dynamic simulations: internal coupled Serpent2/Subchanflow [13,14,15]

 - Deterministic transport solvers e.g. PARAFISH (in-house) [12]

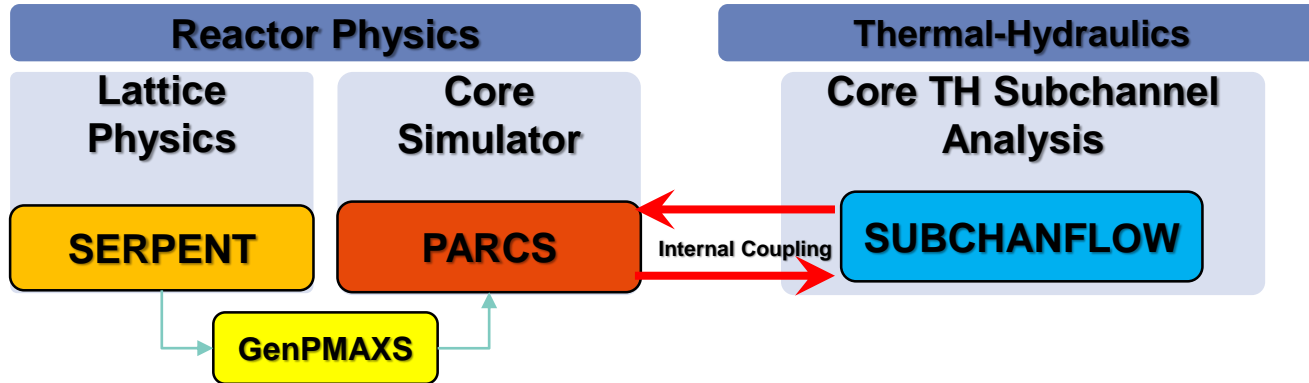
KIT Core Analysis Tools: Internal Coupling



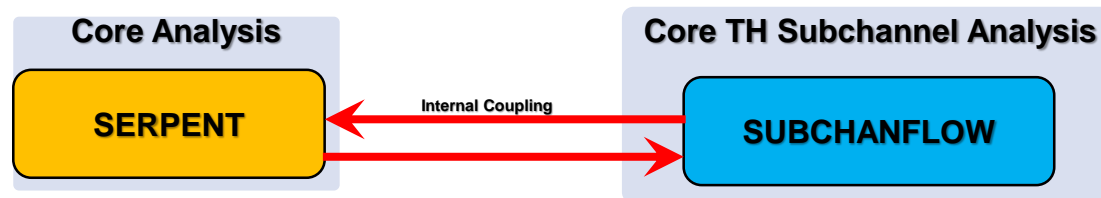
No direct prediction of **local** safety parameters

Internal coupling: PARCS/SCF & SERPENT2/SCF (2019)

- Core design and core optimization tools:



- 3D core reference solutions:



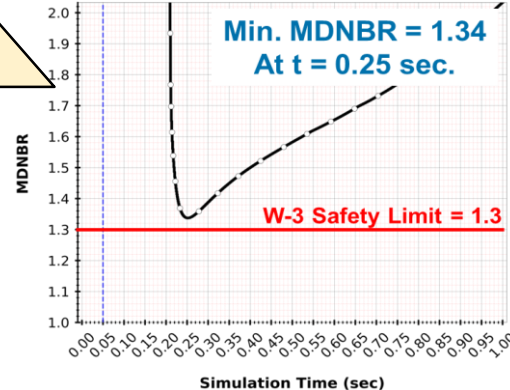
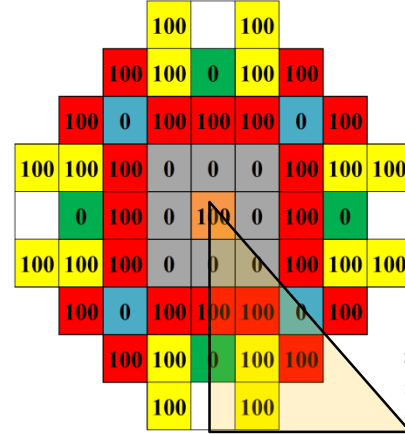
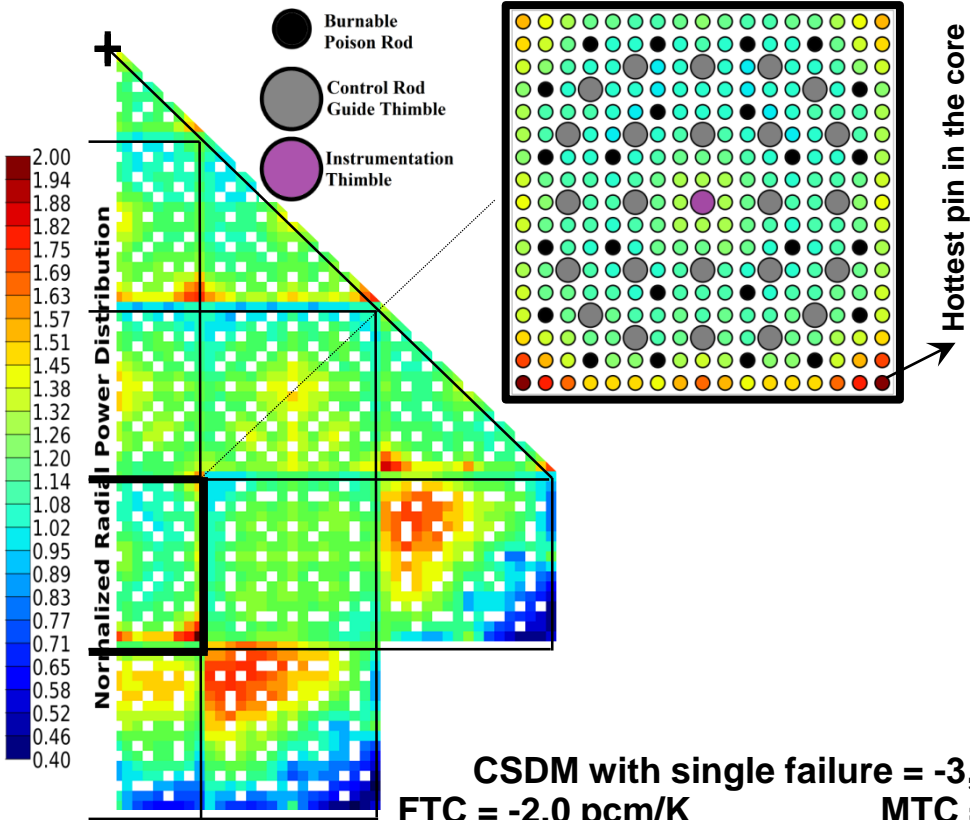
Visualization Tool



KSMR:

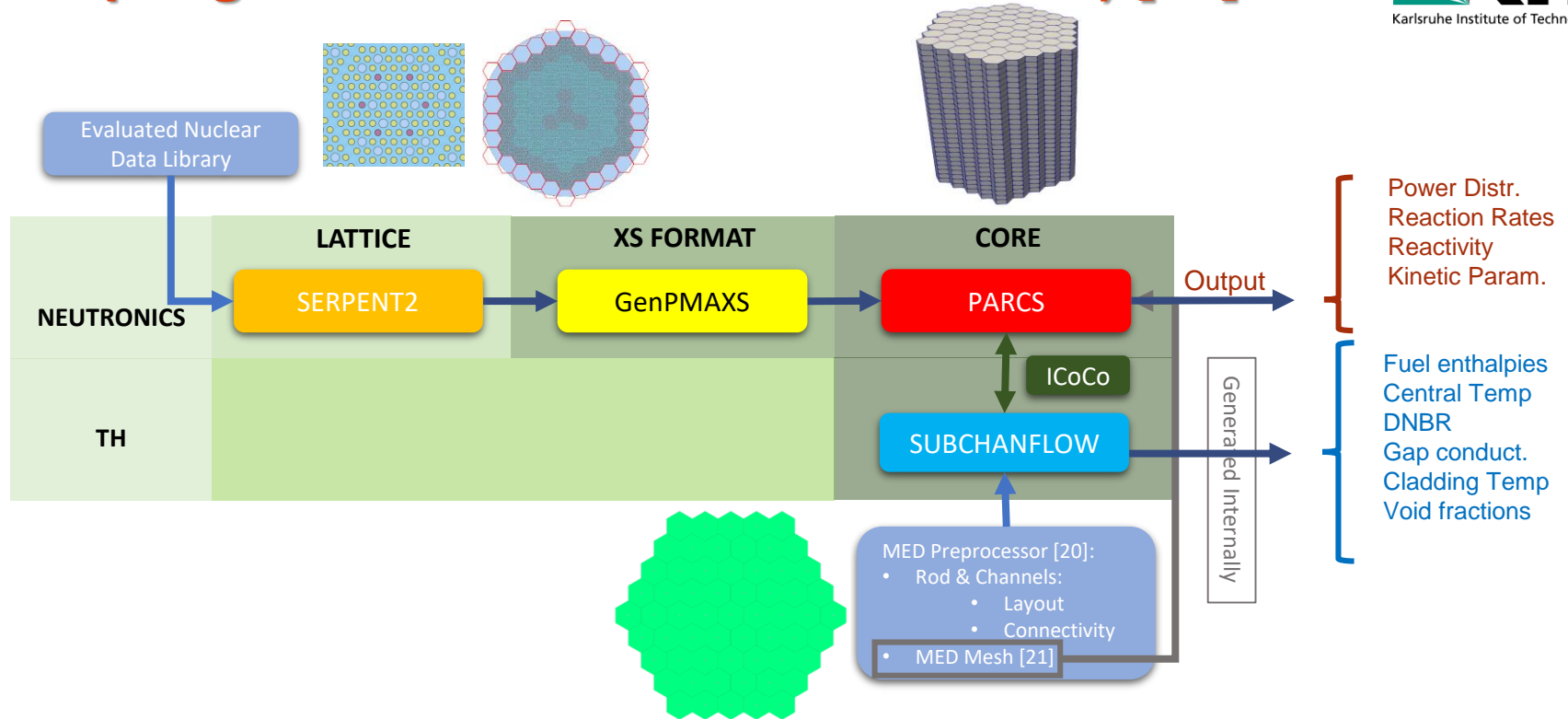
rel. radial pin Power Distribution at HFP [3,4,5]

Ref. [4,5]

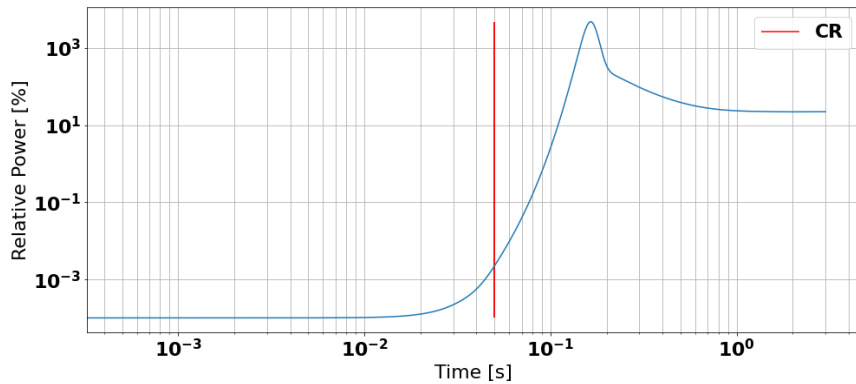


REA: MDNBR

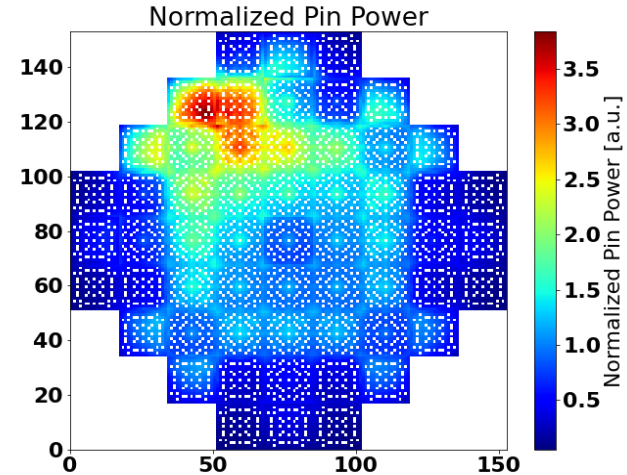
ICoCo-based Coupling of PARCS/ Subchanflow (2021) [18]



KSMR REA: ICoCo PARCS/SCF Analysis [20]

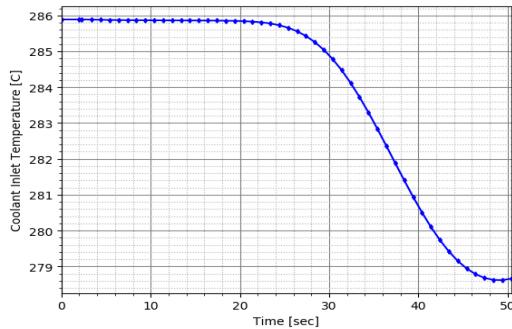


KSMR Rod Ejection Accident with Pin Power Reconstruction at power peak

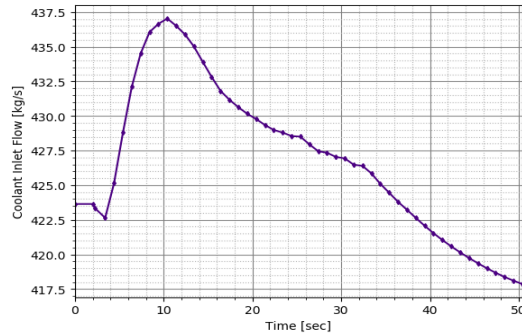


KSMR REA: Relative power [%] at peak power

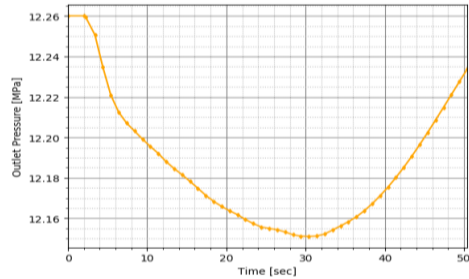
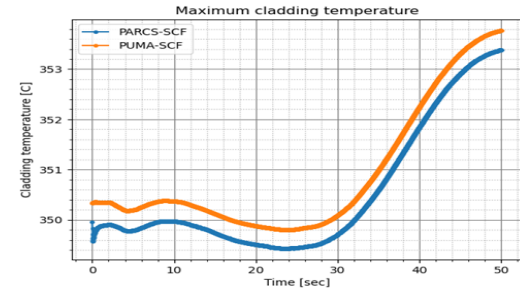
PARCS/SCF/ICoCo: Analysis of CAREM: Overcooling Transient [20]



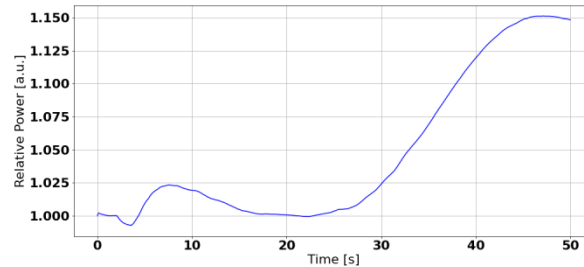
Coolant temperature decrease



Mass flow rate change

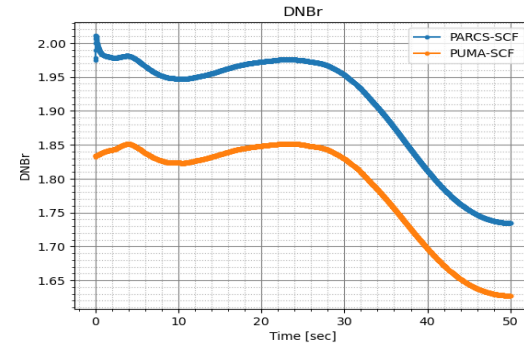


Outlet pressure evolution



Ref. [20]

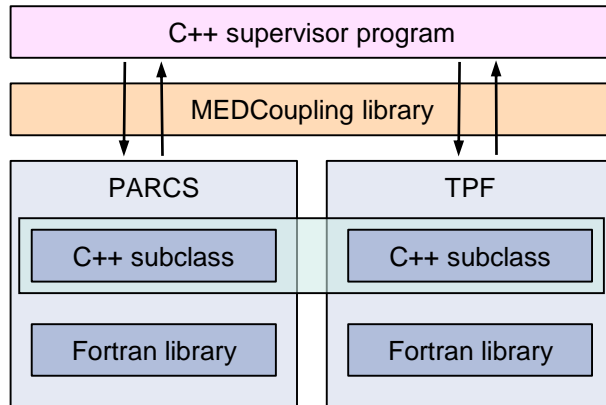
Normalized Power [a.u.]



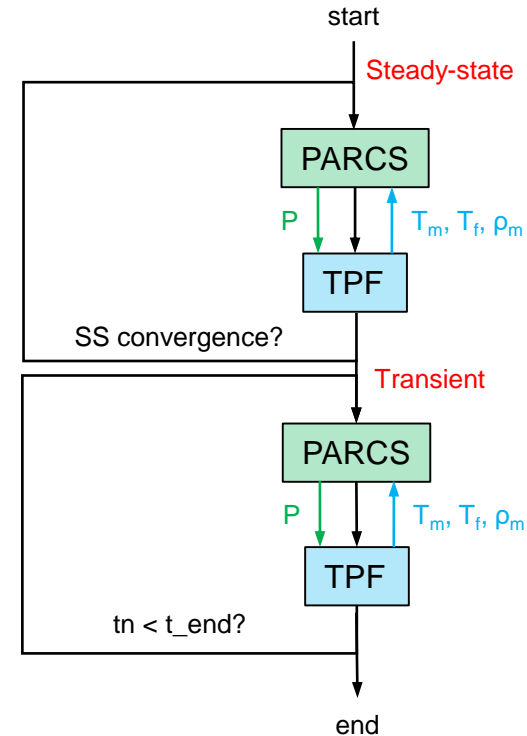
CAREM Overcooling transient: Key-parameters

ICoCo-based coupling of PARCS/TwoPorflow (2022)

- External coupling.
- Serial execution.
- Domain overlapping.
- Fields mapping via MEDCoupling library.
- Explicit iterative scheme.
- Node-wise feedback.



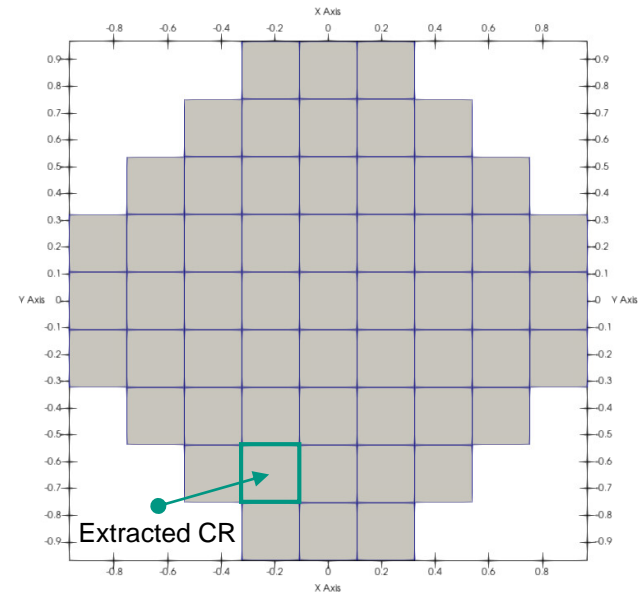
Ref. [9]



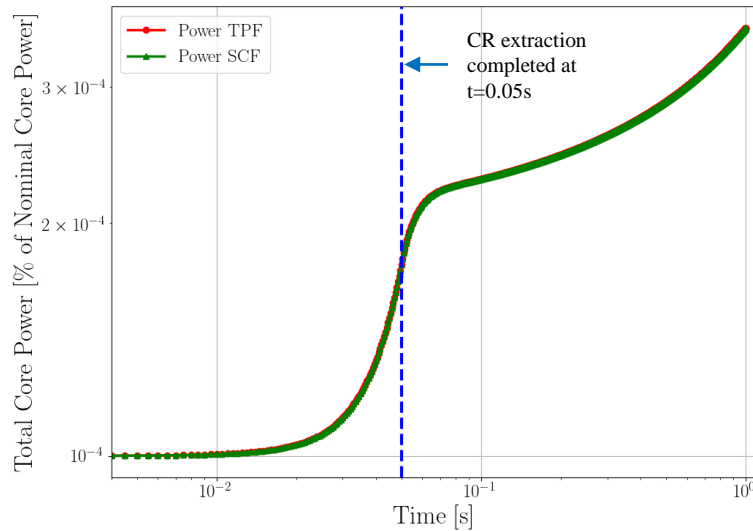
KSMR: REA Analysis at HZP

- Half highest CR worth extraction (0.725 \$) at the hot zero power (HZP) condition.

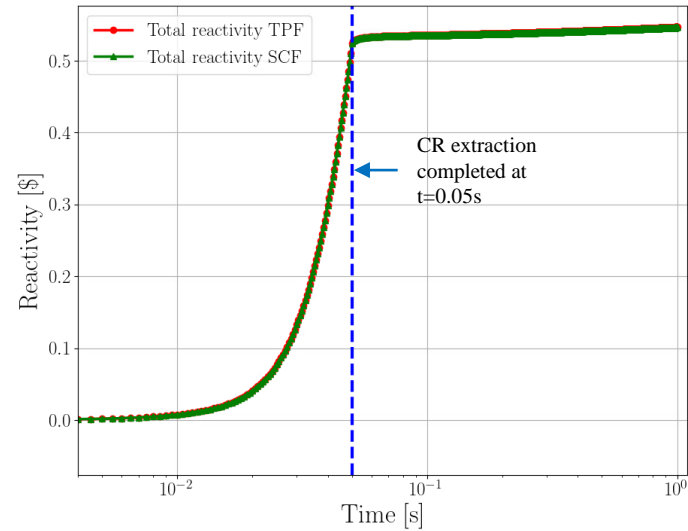
Parameter	Value
Initial core power	1.0E-4 %
Highest CR worth	1.45 \$
Ejection duration	0.05 s
End of transient simulation	1.0 s



SMART REA Analysis: PARCS/SCF vs. PARCS/TFP



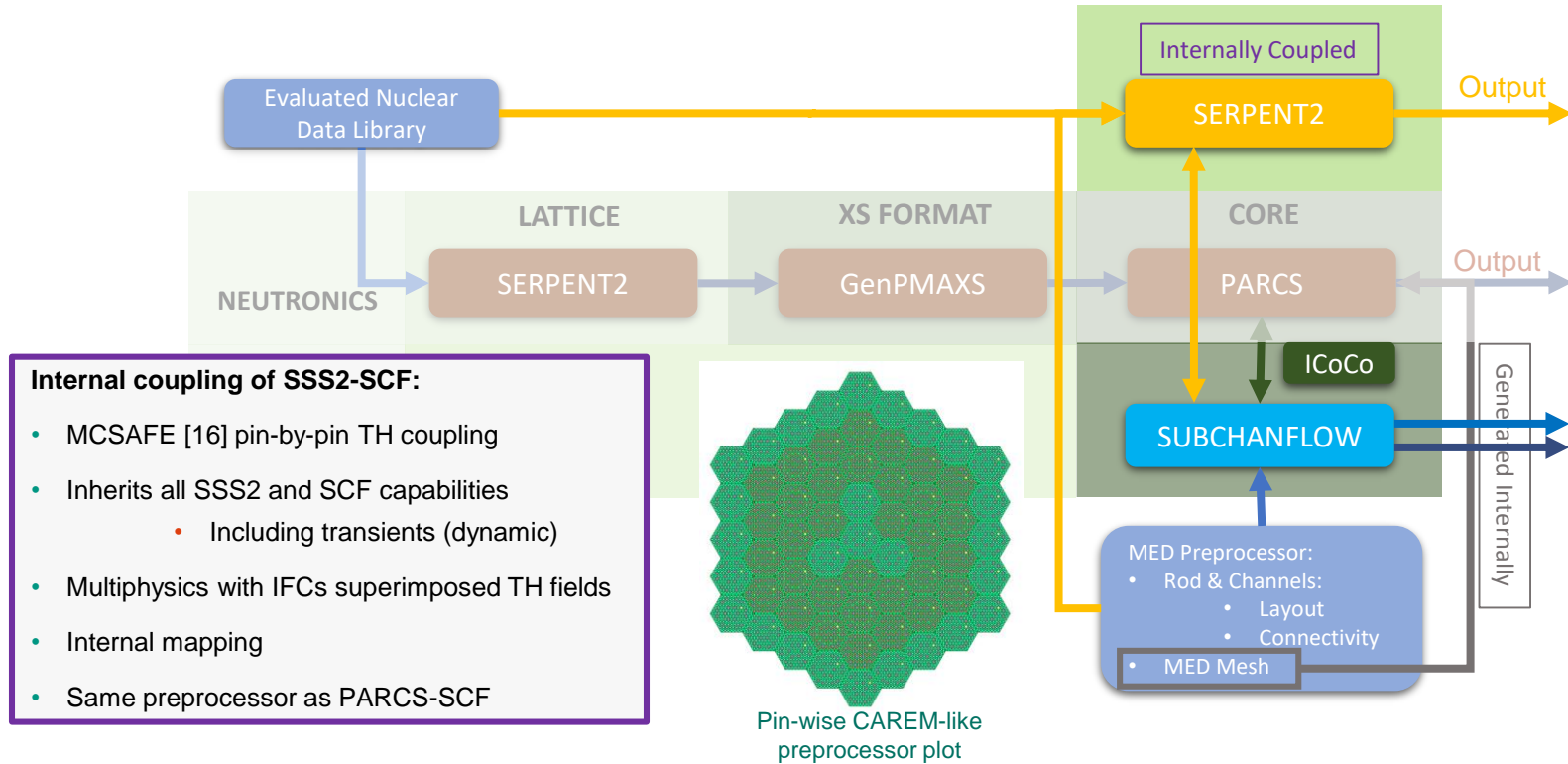
PARCS Total Core Power



PARCS Total Reactivity

Ref. [9]

High Fidelity MC-based Multiphysics: SSS2-SCF

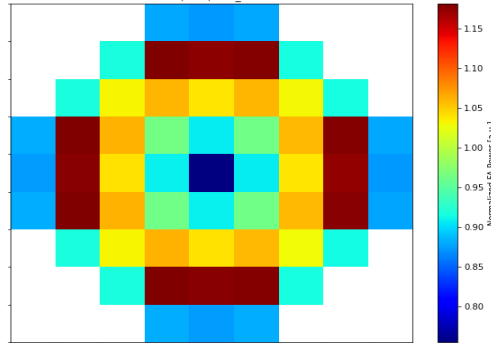


- Internal coupling of SSS2-SCF:**
- MCSAFE [16] pin-by-pin TH coupling
 - Inherits all SSS2 and SCF capabilities
 - Including transients (dynamic)
 - Multiphysics with IFCs superimposed TH fields
 - Internal mapping
 - Same preprocessor as PARCS-SCF

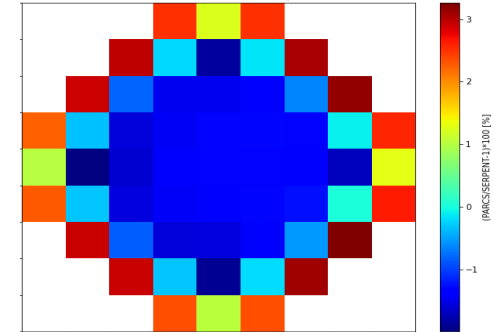
Ref. [20, 13,14,23,24]

KSMR: Comparison of PARCS/SCF and SSS2/SCF Solutions [22]

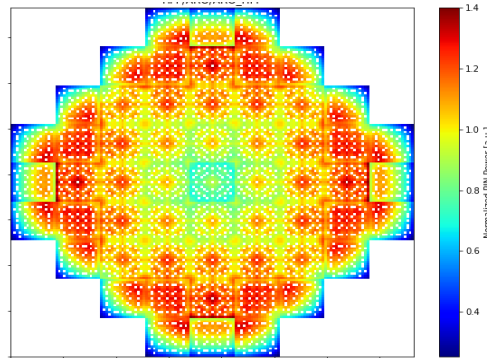
SSS2: axially integrated **FA** normalized radial power for HFP ARO



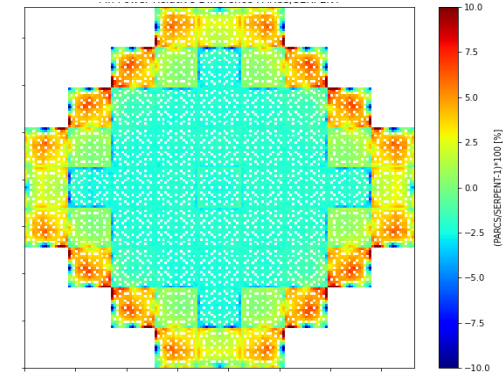
PARCS-SSS2: axially integrated **FA** normalized radial power relative difference for HFP ARO



SSS2: axially integrated **pin** normalized radial power for HFP ARO



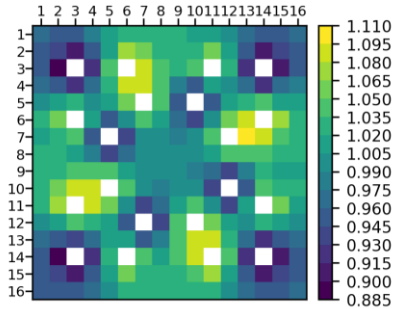
PARCS-SSS2: axially integrated **pin** normalized radial power relative difference for HFP ARO. Values are truncated in the interval [-10; 10] %



Outlook

Next steps: Simplified transport solver PARCS-SP3 pin-by-pin (1/2)

- Motivation: Pin-wise Simulation, XS Optimization, TH Feedback



Pin-wise results are important

In KIT, we would like to do:

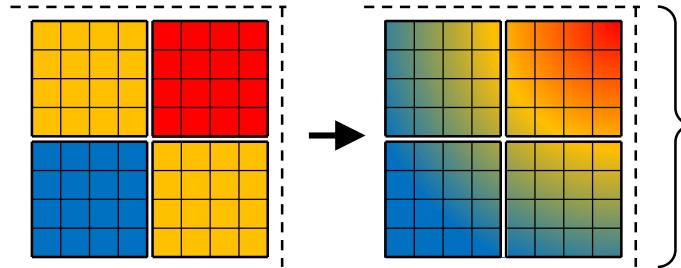
- Pin-by-pin simulation in core-scale with "ASSY_TYPE".
- Enable pin-wise XS optimization and TH feedback.

PARCS V331 can not do this

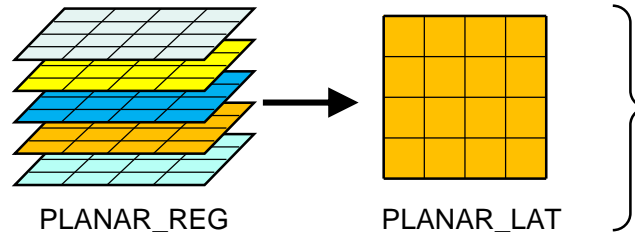
Function extension is required

PARCS V331 has two methods for pin-wise results:

- Nodal + Pin power reconstruction



- FMFD (Fine Mesh Finite Difference)



The discussion in this slide only concern Cartesian geometry

Advantage:

- Fast running.

Limitation:

- No Pin-wise TH coupling.
- No Pin-wise XS optimization.

Advantage:

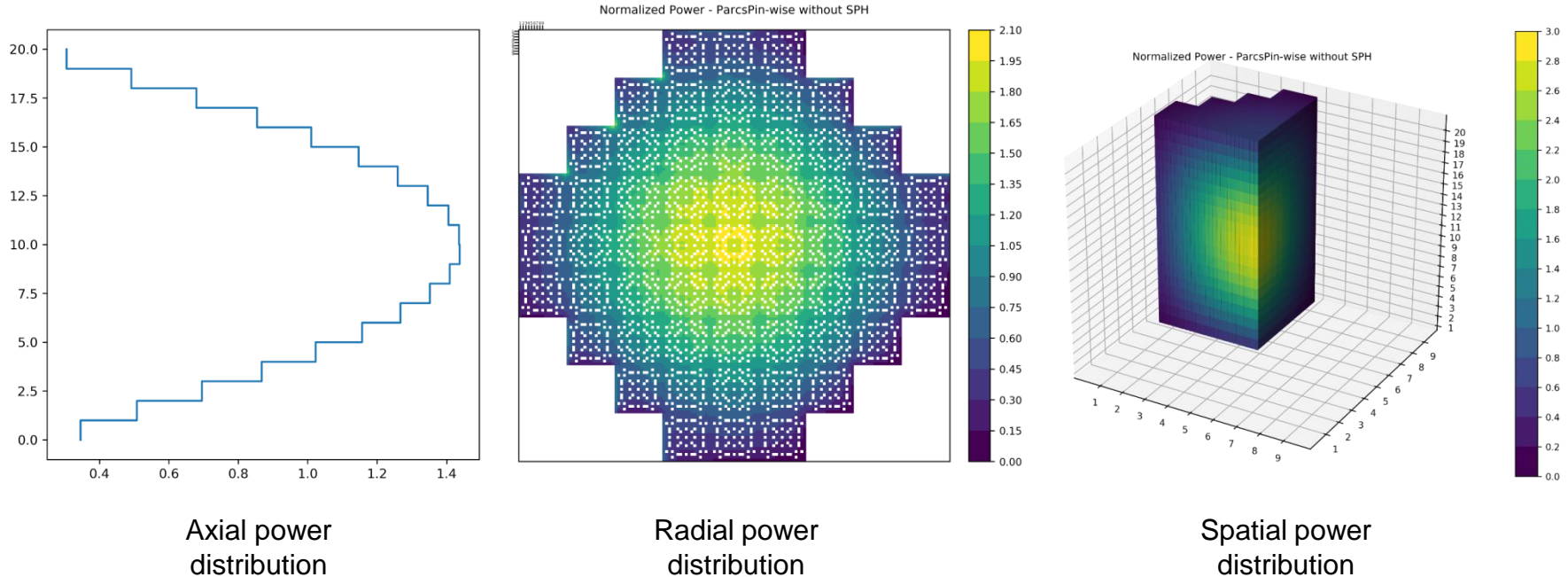
- SP3 Pin-wise simulation.

Limitation:

- Use "PLANAR_REG", no "ASSY_TYPE".

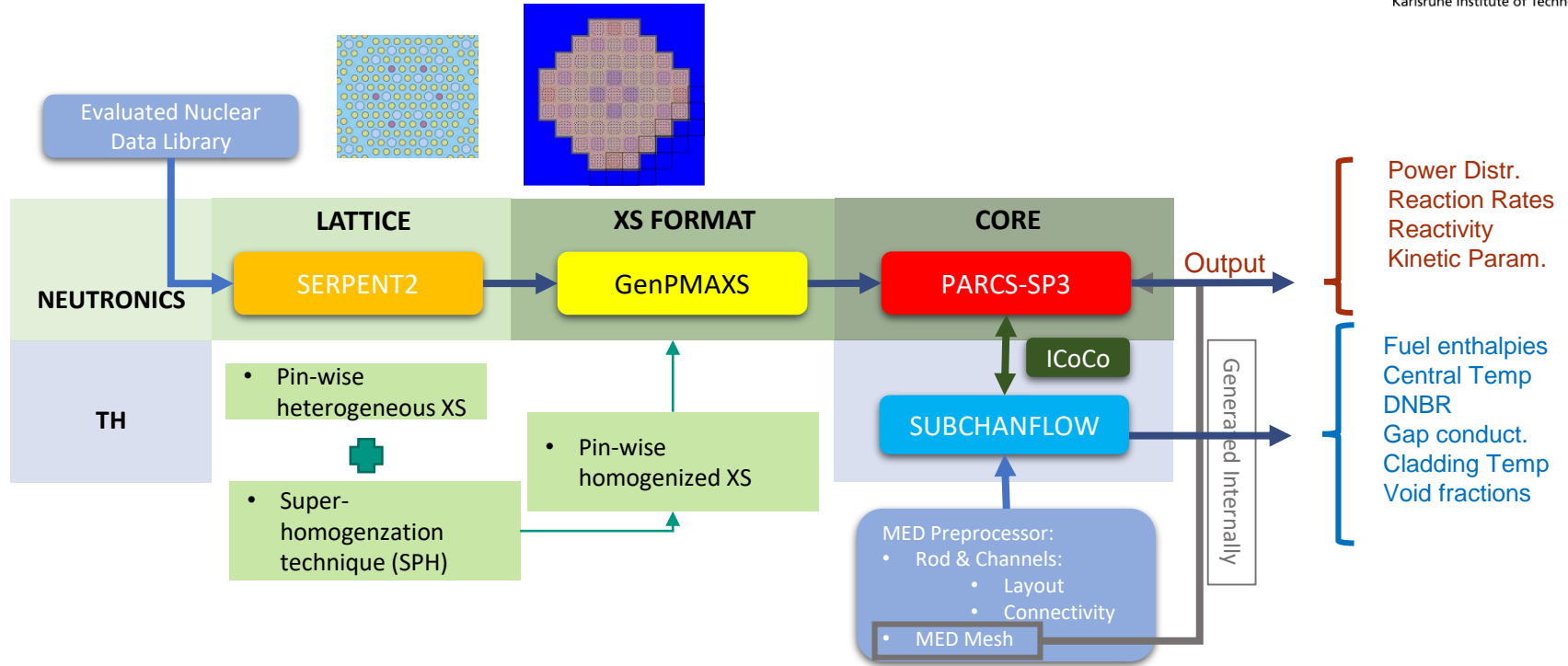
Next steps: Simplified transport solver PARCS-SP3 pin-by-pin (2/2)

- First Results: KSMR core steady state



Ref. [22]

Next steps: Simplified transport solver PARCS-SP3 pin-by-pin (2/2)



Pin /subchannel coupling based on same ICoCo-Interface FA-based Coupling

Next steps: High fidelity Transport Solver

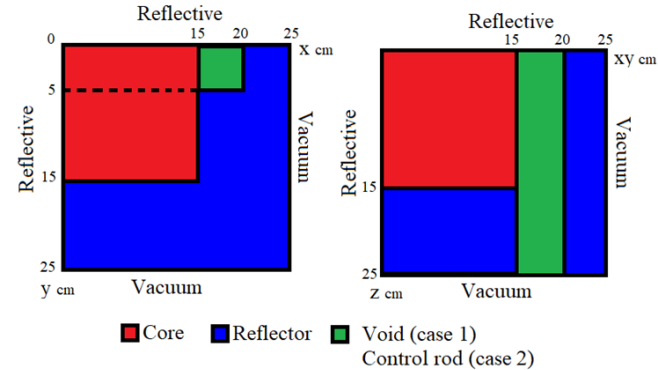
■ PARAFISH code development

- Finite element spherical harmonic neutron transport solver
- Written in C++
- Domain decomposition

■ At present: steady state solver

■ Next steps:

- Time-dependent solver
- Coupling with TH e.g. SCF
- Pin-by-pin analysis of SMR-core transients
- Code-to-code comparisons
 - E.g. SSS2/SCF



Code	Case 1	Case 2	CR-worth
Monte-Carlo	0.97780	0.96240	1.64×10^{-02}
Parafish (P_{11})	0.97686	0.96249	1.52×10^{-02}
	Error= 96 pcm	Error= 9 pcm	Error= 7.3 %

Small PWR: LWR based on the Kyoto University Critical Assembly (KUCA)

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